Uniting Aged Care Victoria and Tasmania

Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2009

BOARD OF GOVERNANCE REPORT

Your members of the Board of Governance present their report on the aggregated entity for the financial year ended 30 June 2009.

Board of Governance Members

The names of the members in office at any time during the financial year and until the date of this report are as follows:

Dr Alan Wilkinson, Chairperson

Rev Rob Brown, General Secretary (ex officio)

Ms Phillipa Davey (Alternate member until January 2009)

Mr Joe Dicks

Mrs Beth Horsfield

Ms Karen Janiszewski

Dr Gerry Naughtin

Ms Libby Pallot

Mr Richard Price

Mr Ken Tabart

Rev Allan Thompson, Appointed December 2008

Rev Dr Peter Blackwood, Associate General Secretary - Appointed January 2009 (Alternate Member)

Rev Allan Thompson, Associate General Secretary (Alternate Member until December 2008)

Members of the Board of Governance have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Operating Results

The loss of the aggregated entity for the financial year amounted to \$6,826,663 (2007: surplus \$891,565).

Review of Operations

A review of the operations of the aggregated entity during the financial year and the results of those operations found that during the year, the aggregated entity continued to engage in its principal activity, the results of which are disclosed in the attached financial statements.

Significant Changes in State of Affairs

During the financial year there was no significant change in the state of affairs of the entity other than referred to in the accounts or notes thereto.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the aggregated entity during the financial year was the provision of aged care services.

No significant change in the nature of this activity occurred during the year.

After Balance Date Events

Subsequent to the end of the financial year:

- Uniting Aged Care closed the Marivale residential service (effective from 16 July) and the Bodalla residential service (effective from 31 July). All residents were transferred to suitable alternative accommodation. Uniting Aged Care has not finalised decisions on the future use of these properties and hence has not yet quantified the financial effect of these decisions nor included any values in the financial report at 30 June 2009;
- Uniting Aged Care signed an agreement on 14 September 2009 with ADCO Constructions (Vic) Pty Limited to participate in the development of an aged care complex at Kingsville. The total value of the project will be \$36,166,295. The financial effects of this development will be included in future year's financial reports.

Likely Developments

The aggregated entity expects to maintain the present status and level of operations and hence there are no likely material developments in the aggregated entity's operations.

BOARD OF GOVERNANCE REPORT

Meetings of Members

| | Boa | rd of | Committee Meetings | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Members | Gover | Governance Meetings | | Audit & Risk Committee | | Finance Committee | | Property & Development Committee | | Quality & Safety Committee | | Remuneration & Nominations Committee | | State Committee Tasmania | |
| | Number eligible to attend | Number attended | Number eligible to attend | Number attended | Number eligible to attend | Number attended | Number eligible to attend | Number attended | Number eligible to attend | Number atlended | Number eligible to attend | Number allended | Number eligible to attend | Number | |
| Dr Alan Wilkinson | 11 | 11 | 3 | 3 | 11 | 10 | 8 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 1 | |
| Ms Phillipa Davey | 6 | 4 | - | - | 14. | | | | - | | - | | | * | |
| Mr Joe Dicks | 11 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 11 | 10 | - | | - 2 | | | 24 | 1 | | |
| Mrs Beth Horsfield | 11 | 9 | - | | | - | | | | - | 4 | 4 | - | | |
| Ms Karen Janiszewski | 11 | 10 | | | | | 8 | 8 | | | | | - 4 | - | |
| Dr Gerry Naughtin | 11 | 8 | | | | - | | 16 | 4 | 3 | | | 1.2 | 1.0 | |
| Ms Libby Pallot | 5 | 5 | 7.41 | | 4.1 | 4 | | | - 2 | - 4 | 4 | 4 | - 2 | | |
| Mr Richard Price | 11 | 8 | 043 | 1.0 | 11 | 9 | - | | | -2 | -5 | - | 2 | 1 | |
| Mr Ken Tabart | 11 | 10 | - | 4 | - | | 8 | 8 | - | - | | | - | 4. | |
| Rev Allan Thompson | 6 | 3 | 2 | 1 | | | 1 | 0 | | | | - | | 1.2 | |
| Rev Rob Brown* | 9 | 8 | (4) | | | | | 1.5 | | 2 | 4 | 2 | | | |
| Rev Allan Thompson* | 1 | 1 | | | | • | | | | - 4 | | | 2 | 2 | |
| Rev Dr Peter Blackwood* | 1 | 1 | 1.3 | | | | - | | | - | | | | | |
| Ms Fiona Campbell** | 100 | 4 | 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | - | | 100 | |
| Mr Peter Strugnell | 100 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 11 | 8 | 1.0 | | - | | | | - 3 | | |
| Mr Matthew Sweeney | 1.8 | 1.2 | 3 | 2 | 11 | 5 | | | | - | | 4 | - | - | |
| Mr Ian Webb | 11.5 | | 3 | 2 | 11 | 11 | 6. | | . 20 | 1.2 | - | - 2 | | 1.3 | |
| Dr Hilary Davies | 1.0 | 7 | 1.5 | 9 | 1.0 | | 8 | 3 | - | | | | | 19 | |
| Mr Robert Lister | 1.2 | | - | | | | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | | | | |
| Ms Meredith Withers | | | | | 100 | | 2 | 1 | | | - | | 1.4 | 1.4 | |
| Ms Cathy Balding | 1.0 | - | | - | | 4 | | | 2 | 1 | - | | | | |
| Ms Robyn Batten | 1.00 | 4. | - 2 | 4 | | | - | | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | Ū. | | |
| Ms Jane Blaxland | 100 | 4 | 50 | | 14. | ~ | 191 | - | 1 | 0 | | - | - | | |
| Mr Victor Harcourt | 1.5 | | 1.50 | .0 | | 520 | | 5 | 4 | 2 | | - | | - | |
| Mr Bernie McCarthy | | | 1045 | | 1.80 | | *** | | 4 | 2 | | | | | |
| Prof Yvonne Wells | 1 | * | | | | | | | 4 | 4 | | - | - 6 | | |
| Mrs Janet Wood | | 12 | 1.2 | | | | | | 4 | 3 | | - | 4 | | |
| Ms Mary Barnard | | - | | , | | - | | - | (2) | 4 | | | 2 | 2 | |
| Rev Tony Duncan | 1.5 | - | 1 4 | | | | | | 120 | 1. | 4.7 | - | 2 | 2 | |
| Dr Bruce Felmingham | | | | | - | | 1. | | | - | | - | 2 | 1 | |
| Assoc Prof Sally Garratt | | | | | | | | | | | - | | 2 | 1 | |

^{*}Rev Rob Brown, General Secretary; Rev Allan Thompson Associate General Secretary; Rev Dr Peter Blackwood Associate General Secretary

^{**}Ms Fiona Campbell, Audit & Risk Committee Chair

BOARD OF GOVERNANCE REPORT

Indemnification of Officer or Auditor

During the financial year, the aggregated entity had insurance coverage through Uniting Church Insurance Services for all members of the Board of Governance. No insurance coverage is provided to the auditors of the aggregated entity.

Proceedings on Behalf of the Entity

No person has applied for leave of Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the aggregated entity or intervene in any proceedings to which the aggregated entity is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the aggregated entity for all or any part of those proceedings.

The aggregated entity was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

Environmental Issues

The aggregated entity's operations are not regulated by any significant environmental regulation under a law of the Commonwealth or of a State or Territory.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Governance:

Board Member

Dr Alan Wilkinson, Chairperson

Board Member

Dated this Jaday of Life 2009

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

| | Note | 2009 \$ | 2008 \$ |
|---|------|--|--|
| Revenue from ordinary activities | 2 | 115,377,715 | 113,839,008 |
| Care expenses Hotel expenses Administrative expenses Finance costs Costs associated with write off of infrastructure Other expenses Surplus/(Deficit) before income tax | 3 | 70,604,073 21,968,348 18,729,980 747,687 1,345,368 8,808,922 (6,826,663) | 68,427,796 20,546,838 16,703,875 307,258 673,380 6,288,295 891,565 |
| Inçome tax expense Surplus/(Deficit) after income tax | 1(n) | (6,826,663) | 891,565 |

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2009

| | Note | 2009 \$ | 2008 \$ |
|-------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Current assets | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 4 | 3,294,898 | 5,607,661 |
| Trade and other receivables | 5 | 7,121,508 | 9,112,387 |
| Other financial assets | 6 | 76,154,201 | 73,558,180 |
| Other assets | 7 | 1,203,529 | 1,097,459 |
| Total current assets | | 87,774,137 | 89,375,687 |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 8 | 125,692,959 | 144,238,887 |
| Investment properties | 9 | 31,112,313 | 14,879,124 |
| Intangible assets | 10 | 57,510,816 | 56,244,429 |
| Total non-current assets | | 214,316,088 | 215,362,440 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 302,090,225 | 304,738,127 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 11 | 7,306,448 | 6,768,795 |
| Provisions | 12 | 10,018,474 | 9,799,281 |
| Resident ingoings | 13 | 98,670,306 | 88,021,355 |
| Total current liabilities | | 115,995,229 | 104,589,431 |
| Non-current liabilities | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 11 | | 23,760 |
| Provisions | 12 | 915,046 | 872,031 |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 915,046 | 895,791 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 116,910,274 | 105,485,223 |
| NET ASSETS | | 185,179,951 | 199,252,905 |
| EQUITY | | | |
| Reserves | 14 | 23,070,540 | 30,397,852 |
| Retained earnings | 14 | 162,109,411 | 168,855,053 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | | 185,179,951 | 199,252,905 |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

| | Note | Retained Earnings \$ | Reserves | Total Equity |
|--|------|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| Balance at 1 July 2007 Surplus for the year (Decrease) in market value of Available for Sale Assets Transfers | | 167,760,742 891,565 202,745 | 35,927,280 (5,348,630) (180,798) | 203,688,022 891,565 (5,348,630) 21,947 |
| Balance at 1 July 2008 | | 168,855,053 | 30,397,852 | 199,252,905 |
| Surplus for the year Increase.(Decrease) in market value of Available for | | (6,826,663) | - | (6,826,663) |
| Sale Assets Transfers | | 81,021 - | (7,246,291) (81,021) | (7,165,270) (81,021) |
| Balance at 30 June 2009 | | 162,109,411 | 23,070,540 | 185,179,951 |

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

| | Note | 2009 \$ | 2008 \$ |
|--|----------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | 4.0 | |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | Ŧ. | | |
| Receipts from customers | | 35,459,800 | 29,161,486 |
| Receipts from government funding | | 73,991,155 | 72,164,947 |
| Donations, bequests and fundraising | | 1,338,250 | 3,872,506 |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | | (114,109,136) | (104,118,411) |
| Interest paid | | (747,687) | (307,258) |
| Interest received | | 5,626,071 | 5,486,985 |
| Total cash from operating activities | 16 (b) | 1,558,453 | 6,260,255 |
| . 5 | ` ' | | |
| Cash flow from investing activities: | | | |
| Proceeds from sale of property plant and equipment | | 101,503 | 33,704 |
| Receipts from Deposits with UCA Funds Management | | (8,202,867) | 25,282,158 |
| Payments for Available Sale Assets with UCA Funds Ma | nagement | (1,648,346) | (10,330,830) |
| Payments for property plant and equipment | | (4,780,001) | (21,539,795) |
| Payments for intangible assets | | (3,891) | (636,164) |
| Net cash provided from investing activities | | (14,533,602) | (7,190,927) |
| | | | |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | | |
| Net resident ingoing contributions received | | 10,662,385 | 9,289,980 |
| Payments to UCA Funds Management | | - | (8,239,042) |
| Repayment of Bank borrowings | | - | - |
| Net payments for lease liabilities | | | (20,889) |
| Net cash used by financing activities | | 10,662,385 | 1,030,049 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | | 5,607,661 | E E00 004 |
| Net cash increase (decrease) in cash and cash equiv | valente | | 5,508,284 99,377 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | 16 (a) | (2,312,763) 3,294,898 | 5,607,661 |
| Oush and Cash equivalents at end of year | 10 (a) | 5,234,030 | 3,007,001 |

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Entity Information

1

The financial report is a general purpose financial report that has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, Urgent Issues Group Interpretations and other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board.

The financial report covers Uniting Aged Care Victoria and Tasmania (UCAV&T) as an aggregated entity. UCAV&T is an agency of the Uniting Church to which the Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Victoria) and the Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Tas) holds legal title. The Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Victoria) and the Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Tas) are constituted as corporations pursuant to the provision of the Uniting Church in Australia Act 1977 No. 9021 in the State of Victoria and the Uniting Church in Australia Act 1977 No. 38 in the State of Tasmania respectively.

The financial report of Uniting Aged Care Victoria and Tasmania was authorised for issue by the Members of the Board of Governance on 27 October 2009.

(b) Basis of Preparation

The financial report has been prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historical costs modified by the revaluation of selected non current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities for which the fair value basis of accounting has been applied.

(c) Statement of Compliance

The financial report complies with all Australian Accounting Standards.

The following is a summary of the material accounting policies adopted by the aggregated entity in the preparation of the financial report. The accounting policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

(d) New accounting standards and Australian Accounting Interpretations

Certain new accounting standards and Australian Accounting Interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 30 June 2009 reporting periods but contain an option for early adoption.

The entity has reviewed each of these new standards and interpretations and is satisfied that while there will be new disclosures required by these standards and interpretations, they have no impact on the reported financial position and performance of the entity for the year ended 30 June 2009 and accordingly they have not been adopted early.

(e) Basis of Aggregation

The financial report has been prepared on the basis of an aggregation of the aged care services provided by the Uniting Aged Care within the Uniting Church in Australia Synod of Victoria and Tasmania.

These services include residential (low and high care services), a range of community services (including Day Therapy centres, Day Care centres, CACP, EACH, EACHD, NRCP) and Independent Living Units across Victoria and Tasmania.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

1 Statement of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(e) Basis of Aggregation (continued)

These services operate under the Approved Provider of the Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Victoria) and Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Tas).

The aggregation does not have a parent entity as no one agency dominates decision making and has control.

Transactions between divisions have been eliminated for the purposes of preparing the aggregated financial report.

(f) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The accounting policies detailed in note 1 provide details of these estimates, judgements and assumptions.

(g) Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair value less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Recognition and Disclosure of Assets

Uniting Aged Care, has assumed responsibility and recorded in the Balance Sheet certain land & buildings of which the Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Victoria) and Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Tas) hold legal ownership. The carrying value of land and buildings over which the Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Victoria) and Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Tas) hold legal ownership at 30 June 2008 is \$178,032,445 (2008 \$155,551,168) less accumulated depreciation \$32,490,286 (2008: \$28,868,410). The members of the Board of Governance are of the opinion that the criteria for the recognition of those assets as set out in the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements is satisfied. That is, although the Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Victoria) and the Uniting Church in Australia Property Trust (Tas) hold legally enforceable rights over the relevant assets registered in its name, those assets are controlled by the aggregated entity and the future economic benefits of their use and management will flow to Uniting Aged Care.

Property

Freehold land and buildings are measured at cost or deemed cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Fair value is the amount for which the asset could be exchanged between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction as at the valuation date.

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis less depreciation and impairment losses. The cost of fixed assets constructed within the aggregated entity includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

1 Statement of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(g) Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings and capitalised leased assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight line basis over their useful lives to the entity commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

| Class of Asset | Depreciation Rates |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Buildings | 2 - 10 % |
| Plant and Equipment | 7.5 - 25 % |
| Motor Vehicles | 20 - 40 % |
| Furniture, Fixtures and Fittings | 7.5 - 15 % |
| Office Equipment | 25 - 50 % |

The assets' residual value and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

Revaluation

Following initial recognition at cost, land and buildings are carried at a revalued amount which is the fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation on buildings and any subsequent impairment losses.

Fair value is determined by reference to market based evidence, which is the amount for which the assets could be exchanged between a knowledgeable willing buyer and a knowledgeable willing seller in an arm's length transaction as at the valuation date.

Any revaluation increase is credited to the asset revaluation reserve included in the equity section of the balance sheet, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in surplus or deficit, in which case the increase is recognised in surplus or deficit.

Any revaluation decrease is recognised in surplus or deficit, except that a decrease offsetting a previous revaluation increase for the same asset is debited directly to the asset revaluation reserve to the extent of the credit balance existing in the revaluation reserve for that asset.

(h) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in values, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short term borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

(i) Financial Instruments

Recognition and initial measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed is recognised in surplus or deficit.

Classification and subsequent measurement

(i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any issue costs and any discount or premium on settlement.

Receivables are carried at original invoice amount less an allowance for any uncollectible amounts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when identified.

Trade receivables, which generally have 30 day terms, are recognised and carried at original invoice amount less an allowance for any uncollectible amounts.

An allowance for doubtful debts is made when there is objective evidence that the entity will not be able to collect the debts. Bad debts are written off when identified.

(ii) Held-to-maturity financial assets

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the company's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets include any financial assets not included in the above categories. Available-for-sale financial assets are reflected at fair value with changes in fair value are taken directly to equity. When an investment is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss in equity is transferred to surplus or deficit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Statement of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(i) Financial Instruments (continued)

(iv) Financial Liabilities

1

Trade payables and other payables are carried at amortised cost and represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the entity prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the entity becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services.

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs.

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains and losses are recognised in surplus or deficit when the liabilities are derecognised.

Non derivative financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisation.

(j) Impairment of Assets

At each reporting date, the aggregated entity reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to the income statement.

Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Intangible assets with indefinite lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

(k) Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

(I) Employee Benefits

Wages, Salaries and Annual Leave

Liabilities for wages, salaries and annual leave that are expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date represent present obligations resulting from employees' services provided to reporting date. They are calculated at undiscounted amounts based on remuneration wage and salary rates that the entity expects to pay as at reporting date including related on costs, such as workers compensation insurance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

1 Statement of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(I) Employee Benefits (continued)

Long-term Service Benefits

The aggregated entity's net obligation in respect of long term service benefits, other than pension plans, is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in current and prior periods. The obligation is calculated using expected future increases in wage and salary rates including related on costs and expected settlement dates, and is discounted using the rates attached to the Commonwealth Governments bonds at the balance sheet date which have maturity dates approximating to the terms of the entities obligations.

(m) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in income in the period in which they are incurred.

(n) Income Tax

No provision for income tax has been raised as the aggregated entity is exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

(o) Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the entity and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised.

Rendering of Services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customers.

Interest Income

Interest revenue is recognised on an accruals basis taking into account the interest rates applicable to the financial assets.

Government Grant

Government Grant income is recognised on a cash receipts basis.

All other revenue is recognised when the right to receive the revenue has been established.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Statement of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(p) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense. Receivables and payables in the balance sheet are shown inclusive of GST.

(q) Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement and requires an assessment of whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

Finance leases, which transfer to the entity substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased property or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are recognised as an expense in the surplus or deficit.

Capitalised lease assets are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term if there is no reasonable certainty that the entity will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the income statement on a straight line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives are recognised in the income statement as an integral part of the total lease expense.

(r) Resident Ingoings

The operation of both the low care facilities and high care facilities are governed by the Aged Care Act 1997. The operations of the independent living units are governed by the Victorian Retirement Villages Act 1986 and the Tasmania Retirement Villages Act 2004.

Pursuant to the Aged Care Act residents of low level care may be required to lodge an accommodation bond, the value of which is subject to an asset means test. The value of these bonds are reported on an accruals basis. The Aged Care Act allows a provider to retain the interest earned from these bonds and to deduct a prescribed retention amount for a maximum of five years. These monies are reported in Note 2 as interest received and retentions respectively.

Entry contributions and related retentions received from residents of independent living units are treated in the same manner as accommodation bonds received from low care residents. The current cash holdings of entry contributions and accommodation bonds have been invested with the UCA Funds Management. UCAVT has established an investment structure to enable refunds of accommodation bonds and entry contributions to be met as required.

Accommodation bonds and entry contributions are treated as a financial liability with a demand feature and have been discounted from the date the entry contribution or accommodation bond is required to be paid.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

Statement of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(s) Income in Advance

1

Revenue is recognised by drawing a distinction between the reciprocal and non reciprocal transactions in the treatment of the contribution of assets to the entity. A reciprocal transaction is deferred and reported as Income in Advance due to the non completion of the service at reporting date. A non reciprocal transaction is recognised as revenue when the entity gains control of the transfer.

(t) Intangible Assets

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised. Bed licences have been recognised at Deemed Cost, as the Board of Governance is of the opinion that there is an active market for bed licenses, and have been assessed as having indefinite useful lives.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised over the useful life. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at each financial year end. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, which is a change in accounting estimate. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in surplus or deficit in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible asset.

(u) Comparative Figures

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

| | Note | 2009 \$ | 2008 \$ |
|---|----------------|---|---|
| 2 Revenue | | | |
| Operating activities - Government contributions - Resident/client fees - Interest - Property income - Retentions and accommodation charges - Donations, bequests, fundraising - Other revenue - Recognition of activated bed licences Total Revenue from operating activities | | 73,991,155 26,904,016 5,626,071 318,501 5,349,249 1,338,250 920,473 930,000 115,377,715 | 72,164,947 25,495,204 5,486,985 333,851 5,088,174 3,872,506 1,397,341 |
| 3 Surplus/(Defecit) from Ordinary Activities | | | |
| (a) Expenses | | | |
| Finance Costs: Related entities Total finance costs | | 747,687 747,687 | 307,258 307,258 |
| Bad debts and impairment of debts Impairment of debts Bad debts written off / (bad debts recovered) Total bad debts and impairment of debts | | 3,705 3,705 | 79,393 25,751 105,144 |
| Depreciation and amortisation of non-current assets Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Amortisation of intangible assets | | 6,070,315 420,628 6,490,943 | 5,080,006 538,381 5,618,387 |
| Net loss on disposal of property plant and equipment | | 973,211 | 795,157 |
| 4 Cash Assets | | | |
| Cash on hand Bank balances | | 25,550 3,269,348 3,294,898 | 27,540 5,580,121 5,607,661 |
| The effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits was | 0.35% (2008: 0 | 0.35%); these depo | sits are at call. |
| 5 Receivables | | | |
| Trade receivables Provision for impairment of receivables | | 4,867,403 (125,769) 4,741,634 | 8,333,489 (357,369) 7,976,120 |
| Other receivables | | 2,379,874 7,121,508 | 1,136,267 9,112,387 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

5 Receivables (Continued)

Unsecured loans are made to related parties on an arm's length basis. No repayment terms are specified. Interest is charged at a rate commensurate with the deposit rate available from UCA Funds Management.

The carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

The following basis has been used to assess the doubtful debt required for trade receivables:

- an individual account by account assessment based on past credit history; and
- any prior knowledge of debtor insolvency or other credit risk.

As at 30 June 2009, trade receivables with a carrying amount of \$12,799 (2008: \$48,279) for the entity were past due but not doubtful. These trade receivables are not considered doubtful as they comprise customers who were expected to pay shortly after balance date and are therefore considered recoverable.

An allowance has been made for estimated irrecoverable trade receivable amounts arising from the past provision of services, determined by reference to past default experience. During the current financial year, the allowance for doubtful debts decreased by \$231,600 (2008: \$304,356). This movement was recognised in the surplus or deficit for the year.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the fair value of each class of receivable in the financial statements. The entity does not hold any collateral as security over any receivable balance.

Refer to note 18 for more information on the risk management policy of the entity.

| | Note | 2009 \$ | 2008 \$ |
|--|------|------------|------------|
| 6 Other financial assets | | | |
| Available-for-sale: Investments with UCA Funds Management (at fair value) | | 47,241,786 | 35,099,596 |
| Held to maturity: Deposits with UCA Funds Management (at amortised cost) | | 28,912,415 | 38,458,584 |
| | | 76,154,201 | 73,558,180 |

Available-for-sale financial assets comprise investments in the ordinary issued capital of various entities. There are no fixed returns or fixed maturity dates attached to these investments.

7 Other Assets

| 915,432 | 1,019,767 |
|-----------|--------------------|
| 157,129 | 56,558 |
| 130,969 | 21,134 |
| 1,203,529 | 1,097,459 |
| | 157,129 130,969 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

| | Note | 2009 \$ | 2008 \$ |
|--|------|--|--|
| 8 Property Plant and Equipment | | | |
| LAND AND BUILDINGS Freehold land At cost Total freehold land | | 25,417,307 25,417,307 | 25,417,307 25,417,307 |
| Buildings At cost Less accumulated depreciation Total buildings Total land and buildings | | 116,541,167 (27,528,629) 89,012,538 114,429,845 | 111,097,519 (24,711,193) 86,386,326 111,803,633 |
| PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Plant & Equipment At cost Less accumulated depreciation | | 13,786,016 (8,818,996) 4,967,020 | 12,748,946 (8,029,689) 4,719,257 |
| Motor Vehicles At cost Less accumulated depreciation | | 1,157,249 (749,833) 407,416 | 1,096,400 (656,956) 439,444 |
| Computer Equipment At cost Less accumulated depreciation | | 1,295,060 (1,184,826) 110,234 | 1,375,125 (1,151,007) 224,118 |
| Furniture, Fixtures and Fittings At cost Less accumulated depreciation | | 6,168,921 (4,159,525) 2,009,396 | 6,021,522 (3,897,396) 2,124,126 |
| Capital Work in Progress At cost | | 3,769,048_ | 24,928,310 |
| Total plant & equipment Total property, plant and equipment | | 11,263,114 125,692,959 | 32,435,254 144,238,887 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

8 Property Plant and Equipment (Continued)

(a) Movements in Carrying Amounts

| 2009 | Freehold land \$ | Buildings \$ | Plant & equipment \$ | Motor vehicles |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------------|
| Balance at the beginning of year | 25,417,307 | 86,386,326 | 4,719,257 | 439,444 |
| Additions | | 84,839 | 528,092 | 139,731 |
| Disposals | | (1,916,484) | (49,093) | (22,879) |
| Depreciation expense | | (3,526,081) | (1,096,904) | (148,880) |
| Transfers | | 7,983,938 | 865,668 | |
| Carrying amount at the end of year | 25,417,307 | 89,012,538 | 4,967,020 | 407,416 |
| | Furniture, | | | |
| | fixtures & | Computer | Capital Work | |
| | fittings | equipment | in Progress | Total |
| 0000 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 2009 Balance at the beginning of year | 2,124,126 | 224,118 | 24,928,310 | 144,238,887 |
| Additions | 228,421 | 6,699 | 7,409,318 | 8,397,100 |
| Disposals | (7,641) | (71,223) | (373,913) | (2,441,233) |
| Depreciation expense | (338,611) | (155,743) | - 4 | (5,266,219) |
| Transfers | 3,101 | 106,383 | (28,194,667) | (19,235,576) |
| Carrying amount at the end of year | 2,009,396 | 110,234 | 3,769,048 | 125,692,959 |
| | | | Plant & | |
| | Freehold land | Buildings | equipment | Motor vehicles |
| 2008 | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at the beginning of year | 25,417,307 | 84,110,034 | 4,863,112 | 700,197 |
| Additions . | | 592,879 | 914,791 | 113,273 |
| Disposals | 19 | (755,785) | (100,448) | (58,389) |
| Depreciation expense | | (3,472,432) | (783,896) | (136,899) |
| Transfers | | 5,911,630 | (174,302) | (178,738) |
| Carrying amount at the end of year | 25,417,307 | 86,386,326 | 4,719,257 | 439,444 |
| ÷ | Furniture, fixtures & | Computer | Capital Work | |
| | fittings | equipment | in Progress | Total |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 2008 | * | * | Ť | * |
| Balance at the beginning of year | 1,920,549 | 342,810 | 13,007,114 | 130,361,123 |
| Additions | 305,147 | 61,627 | 17,919,379 | 19,907,095 |
| Disposals | (31,815) | (2,888) | | (949,325) |
| Depreciation expense | (407,945) | (278,834) | + | (5,080,006) |
| Transfers | 338,190 | 101,403 | (5,998,183) | |
| Carrying amount at the end of year | 2,124,126 | 224,118 | 24,928,310 | 144,238,887 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

| | Note | 2009 \$ | 2008 \$ |
|--|------|---|--|
| 9 Investment Property | | | |
| Investment Properties At cost Less accumulated depreciation | • | 36,073,970 (4,961,657) 31,112,313 | 19,036,341 (4,157,217) 14,879,124 |
| (a) Movements in Carrying Amounts | | | |
| Carrying amount at the beginning of the year Acquistions Disposals Transfers in/(out) Depreciation expense Write-offs Carrying amount at the end of the year | | 14,879,124 75,910 16,961,270 (803,991) 31,112,313 | 13,568,312 1,856,061 (545,248) 14,879,124 |
| 10 Intangible Assets | | | |
| Bed licenses at deemed cost | | 55,523,470 | 54,770,170 |
| Software development costs - at cost - less accumulated amortisation | | 3,425,852 (1,438,506) 1,987,346 | 2,479,993 (1,005,734) 1,474,259 |
| | | 57,510,816 | 56,244,429 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

10 Intangible Assets (continued)

(a) Movements in Carrying Amounts

| | Bed licenses | Software development costs | Total |
|--|-----------------|----------------------------|------------|
| | e e | CUSIS | \$ |
| Gross carrying amount | Φ | Φ | Φ |
| Balance at 1 July 2007 | 54,020,170 | 1,843,829 | 55,863,999 |
| Additions | , , | | |
| | 750,000 | 636,164 | 1,386,164 |
| Balance at 30 June 2008 | 54,770,170 | 2,479,993 | 57,250,163 |
| Transfers from property, plant & equipment | 930,000 | 941,968 | 1,871,968 |
| Additions | (176,700) | 3,891 | (172,809) |
| Balance at 30 June 2009 | 55,523,470 | 3,425,852 | 58,949,322 |
| Accumulated amortisation and impairment | | | |
| Balance at 1 July 2007 | | 467,353 | 467,353 · |
| Amortisation expense | | 538,381 | 538,381 |
| Balance at 30 June 2008 | - | 1,005,734 | 1,005,734 |
| Transfer from property,plant & equipment | | 12,144 | 12,144 |
| Amortisation expense | | 420,628 | 420,628 |
| Balance at 30 June 2009 | - | 1,438,506 | 1,438,506 |
| Net book value | | | |
| As at 30 June 2008 | 54,770,170 | 1,474,259 | 56,244,429 |
| As at 30 June 2009 | 55,523,470 | 1,987,346 | 57,510,816 |

Revaluation of bed licenses

The entity engaged Eccles Realty and Nelson Partners, both accredited valuers, to determine the fair value of its bed licenses. Fair value was determined directly by reference to market-based evidence, which is the amount for which the assets could be exchanged between a knowledgeable willing buyer and a knowledgeable willing seller in an arm's length transaction as at the valuation date. The effective date of the revaluation was 1 July 2004. The bed licenses are held at 30 June 2009 at Deemed Cost.

Software development costs

Development costs have been capitalised at cost. This intangible asset has been assessed as having a finite life and is amortised using the straight line method over a period of 5 years. If an impairment indicator arises, the recoverable amount is estimated and an impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

| CURRENT Unsecured liabilities Trade payables 2,140,547 2,774,929 |
|--|
| |
| |
| Sundry creditors and accrued expenses 4,090,664 2,670,806 |
| Deferred income 11,000 341,249 |
| Amounts payable to: |
| - Uniting Church of Australia 1,064,237 981,811 |
| 7,306,448 6,768,795 |
| NON-CURRENT Unsecured liabilities Amounts payable to: |
| - UCA Funds Management 23,760 |
| |

Trade creditors and other creditors are non interest bearing liabilities. Trade creditor payments are processed once they have reached 30 days from the date of invoice for electronic funds transfer payments or cheque payment or 30 days from the end of the month of invoice for other payments. No interest is charged

All amounts are short term and the carrying values are considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.

12 Employee Benefits

| CURRENT | 10,018,474 | 9,799,281 |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Employee benefits | 10,018,474 | 9,799,281 |
| NON-CURRENT | 915,046 | 872,031 |
| Employee benefits | 915,046 | 872,031 |
| 13 Resident Ingoings | | |
| CURRENT Deferred income & refundable grants Resident ingoings & contributions | 98,670,306 98,670,306 | 13,434 88,007,921 88,021,355 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

| | Note | 2009 \$ | 2008 \$ |
|--|------|---|---|
| 14 Reserves and Retained Earnings | | | |
| Retained earnings | | 162,109,411 162,109,411 | 168,855,053 168,855,053 |
| Asset revaluation reserve Community development reserve Capital replacement reserve Capital contributions - accommodation charges reserve Government capital grants reserve General reserve Specific reserves | | 1,693,803 113,411 24,883 1,354,335 260,383 15,394,415 4,229,310 23,070,540 | 1,693,803 194,430 24,883 1,354,335 260,383 22,640,709 4,229,310 30,397,853 |
| Retained earnings | | | |
| Movements in retained earnings were as follows: Balance at 1 July 2008 Net surplus/(deficit) for the year Transfer from/(to) community development reserve Transfer from capital replacement reserve Transfer from/(to) building/development funds reserve Transfer to DGR Funds reserve Balance at 30 June 2009 | | 168,855,053 (6,826,663) 81,021 | 167,760,742 891,565 118,370 30,650 84,267 (30,542) 168,855,053 |
| Community development reserve | | | |
| At 1 July 2008 Transfer from/(to) Retained Earnings As at 30 June 2009 | | 194,432 (81,021) 113,411 | 312,802 (118,370) 194,432 |
| Capital replacement reserve | | | |
| At 1 July 2008 Transfer from liability - capital replacement provision Transfer to retained earnings As at 30 June 2009 | | 24,883 | 33,588 21,945 (30,650) 24,883 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

| | | Note | 2009 \$ | 2008 \$ |
|--|---|--------------|---|---|
| 14 R | eserves and Retained Earnings (continued) | | | |
| General re | eserves | | | |
| At 1 July 2008 Increase/(decrease) in market value of available-for-sale investments Transfer from DGR Funds Reserve Transfer from Buildings/Development Fund Reserve As at 30 June 2009 | | ents | 22,640,706 (7,246,291) - - 15,394,415 | 26,070,594 (5,348,630) 896,175 1,022,567 22,640,706 |
| _ | al reserve includes cumulative fair value changes on a t is derecognised. | vailable-for | -sale investments (| until the |
| Specific F | Peserves | | | |

4,229,310

4,229,310

957,151

3,272,159

4,229,310

The Specific Reserve records amounts that have been set aside to fund specific items or projects.

At 1 July 2008

As at 30 June 2009

Transfer from DGR Funds reserve

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

| | Note | 2009 \$ | 2008 \$ |
|--|------------------------|---|---|
| 15 Auditor's Remuneration | | | |
| Remuneration of the auditor of the aggregated entity for: | | | |
| Auditing the financial reports Preparation of financial reports Audit of acquittals Indirect taxation advice Consulting engagements in relation to preparation of Business Plans | | 95,000 14,000 9,500 - - - | 80,000 14,000 9,500 17,100 22,775 |
| 16 Cash Flow Information | | | |
| (a) Reconciliation of cash | | | |
| Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the Cash I Balance Sheet as follows: | Flow Statement is reco | nciled to the relat | ed items in the |
| Cash on hand Cash at bank | | 25,550 3,269,348 3,294,898 | 27,540 5,580,121 5,607,661 |
| (b) Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operations Income Tax | s with Surplus from C | Ordinary Activitie | s after |
| Net surplus/(defecit) for the period | | (6,826,663) | 891,565 |
| Adjustments for: | | | |
| Non cash flows in surplus from ordinary activities Depreciation & amortisation Net (gain) / loss on disposal of property, plant and equipm | nent | 6,490,943 | 5,618,387 795,157 |
| Acquisition of bed licences (net) Income transferred from reserves Receipt of head office net assets from Uniting Church Syr | | (753,300) - | (750,000) 98,697 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) in trade and other receivables and accrued inc (Increase)/decrease in prepayments Decrease in inventories | | 1,780,473 104,334 - | (1,293,196) (517,153) 73,277 |
| Increase/(decrease) in trade payables and accruals Increase in trade payable to UCA Funds Management Increase in deferred income Increase in provisions | | 785,473 58,666 (343,682) 262,208 | (410,979) 981,811 32,446 740,242 |
| Net cash from operating activities | | 1,558,453 | 6,260,254 |

17 **Entity Details**

Registered office
The registered office of the entity is:

Uniting Aged Care Victoria and Tasmania 130 Little Collins Street Melbourne Vic 3000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

18 Financial Risk Management

(a) Financial Risk Management Policies

The entity's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short term investments, and accounts receivable and payable.

The main purpose for non derivative financial instruments is to finance the ongoing operations of the aggregated entity.

Uniting Aged Care Victoria and Tasmania does not have any derivative financial instruments at 30 June 2009.

(i) Treasury Risk Management

A Finance Committee consisting of members of the Board of Governance and senior executives of the entity meet on a regular basis to analyse financial risk exposure and to evaluate management strategies in the context of the most recent economic conditions and forecasts. The committee's overall risk management strategy seeks to assist the entity in meeting its financial targets, whilst minimising potential adverse effects on financial performance. The Finance Committee operates under policies approved by the Board. Risk management policies are approved and reviewed by the Board on a regular basis. These include credit risk policies and future cash flow requirements.

(ii) Financial Risk Exposures and Management

The main risks the entity is exposed to through it's financial instruments are interest rate risk, liquidity risk, price risk and credit risk.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. For further details on interest rate risk refer to Note 18(b).

Foreign exchange risk

The entity is not exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies.

Liquidity Risk

The entity manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate unutilised borrowing facilities are maintained, and ensuring legislative requirements are met regarding liqudity of accommodation bonds held.

Credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk, excluding the value of any collateral or other security, at balance date to recognised financial assets, is the carrying amount, net of any provisions for impairment of those assets, as disclosed in the balance sheet and notes to the financial statements. In the case of entry contribution and accommodation bond debtors, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amount of uncollected periodic retentions and accumulated interest.

The entity does not have any material credit risk exposure to any single receivable or group of receivables under financial instruments entered into by the entity.

Price risk

The entity is not exposed to any material commodity price risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

18 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

(b) Financial Instruments composition and maturity analysis

In respect of income-earning financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities, the following table indicates their effective interest rates at the balance sheet date and the periods in which they reprice.

| | Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate | | Fixed Interest Rate Maturing Within 1 year | | Floating interest ra | |
|--|--|--------|--|------------|----------------------|---------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| | % | % | \$ '000 | \$ '000 | \$ '000 | \$ '000 |
| Financial assets | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | |
| Cash | 0.35% | 0.35% | - | 1-1 | 3,295 | 5,580 |
| Receivables | 11.75% | 11.75% | | 1-0 | 9,367 | 7,653 |
| Other receivables | - | | - | | 233 | |
| Available for sale financial assets | | | - | • | 1.00 | |
| Held to maturity financial assets | 7.00% | 7.00% | - | - | 47,242 | 39,039 |
| • | | | | | 60,137 | 52,273 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| Current | | | | | | |
| Trade and sundry payables | | - 2 | 2 | 1 | | - |
| Amount payable to UCA Funds Management | | - | | | | |
| | | | | | | - |
| | | | Non Interes | et Bearing | Tota | 1 |
| | | | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| Financial assets | | | \$ '000 | \$ '000 | \$ '000 | \$ '000 |
| Current | | | Ψ 000 | \$ 000 | Ψ 000 | Ψ 000 |
| Cash | | | 26 | 28 | 3,321 | 5,608 |
| Receivables | | | (4,373) | 503 | 4,994 | 8,156 |
| Other receivables | | | 2,128 | 1,955 | 2,361 | 1,955 |
| Available for sale financial assets | | | 28,912 | 34,519 | 28,912 | 34,519 |
| Held to maturity financial assets | | | 20,512 | 34,515 | 47,242 | 39,039 |
| neid to maturity imancial assets | | | 26,693 | 37,004 | 86,830 | 89,277 |
| Ptt-1 tt-1-1011 | | 3 | 20,000 | 37,004 | 60,030 | 05,211 |
| Financial liabilities Current | | | | | | |
| Trade and sundry payables | | | 6,263 | 6,785 | 6,263 | 6,785 |
| Amount payable to UCA Funds Management | | | 1,064 | 982 | 1,064 | 982 |
| Resident ingoings | | | 98,670 | 88,008 | 98,670 | 88,008 |
| | | | 105,997 | 95,775 | 105,997 | 95,775 |

Trade and other payables are expected to be paid within 3 months.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

18 Financial Risk Management (Continued)

(c) Net fair values

Fair values are materially in line with carrying values.

The net fair values of listed investments have been valued at the quoted market bid price at balance date adjusted for transaction costs expected to be incurred. For other assets and other liabilities the net fair value approximates their carrying values. No financial assets or financial liabilities are readily traded on organised markets in standardised form other than listed investments. Financial assets where the carrying amount exceeds net fair values have not been written down as the entity intends to hold these assets to maturity.

The aggregate net fair values and carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities are disclosed in the balance sheet and in the notes to the financial statements.

(d) Sensitivity Analysis

The entity has performed a sensitivity analysis relating to its exposure to interest rate risk and other price risk at balance date. This sensitivity analysis demonstrates the effect on the current year results and equity which could result from a change in these risks.

Interest Rate Risk Sensitivity Analysis

At 30 June 2009, the effect on surplus or deficit and equity as a result of changes in the interest rate, with all other variables remaining constant would be as follows:

| | Change in | surplus | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | or de | ficit | Change in | n equity |
| | 2009 \$000 | 2008 \$000 | 2009 \$000 | 2008 \$000 |
| - Increase in interest rate by 1% | 601 | 523 | 601 | 523 |
| - Decrease in interest rate by 1% | -601 | -523 | -601 | -523 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

| | | Note | 2009 \$ | 2008 \$ |
|---------|---|------|--|--|
| 19 | Capital and Leasing Commitments | | | |
| Capital | expenditure commitments contracted for: | | | |
| - les | elopment of properties ss than 12 months eater than 12 months | | 30,361,000 31,752,000 62,113,000 | 20,657,832 44,992,168 65,650,000 |

20 Contingent Liabilities

The members of the Board of Governance are not aware of any material contingent liabilities that exist at 30 June 2009 (2008: none).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

21 Related Party Transactions

(a) Uniting Church in Australia Synod of Victoria and Tasmania

Interest was received, on normal commerical terms, by the aggregated entity of \$2,661,555 (2008: \$5,935,440) from UCA Funds Management, a division of the Synod. This interest was received in relation to deposits held on behalf of the aggregated entity (as disclosed in Note 7). At balance date, \$nil (2008: \$nil) was included in accrued income (refer note 8).

Interest was paid, by the aggregated entity, on normal commercial terms, of \$nil (2008: \$307,258) to UCA Funds Management. This interest was paid in relation to cash advanced to the aggregated entity (as disclosed in Note

(b) Russell Kennedy

Legal fees of \$106,963 (2008: \$30, 917) were paid to Russell Kennedy on normal commercial terms. Ms L Pallot and Ms P Davey, members of the Board of Governance, and Mr V Harcourt, a member of the Quality and Safety Committee, are Partners of this firm.

(c) Ernst & Young

Liquidation fees of \$nil (2008: \$5,874) were paid to Ernst and Young on normal commercial terms. Ms Fiona Campbell, who is a member of a subcommittee of the Board of Governance, is a Partner of this firm.

(d) Department of Health and Ageing

Payments of \$nil (2008: \$314,275) were made to the Department of Health and Ageing on normal commercial terms. A/Prof Sally Garratt, is a member of a subcommittee of the Board of Governance and is Nursing Advisor

(e) Council of the Ageing Victoria

Conference services of \$310 (2008: \$645) were purchased from Council of the Ageing on normal commercial terms. Mrs Janet Wood, a member of a subcommittee of the Board of Governance, is the Chair of this

(f) LaTrobe University

Conference services of \$85,498 (2008: \$680) were purchased from La Trobe University on normal commercial terms. Dr Gerry Naughtin, is a member of the Board of Governance and is the Assoc Professor, School of Social Work & Social Policy at La Trobe University.

(g) McCarthy Psychology Services

Psychology services of \$4,834 (2008: \$15,991) were purchased from McCarthy Psychology Services on normal commercial terms. Mr Bernie McCarthy, a member of a sub-committee of the Board of Governance, is a Director of this firm.

(h) Proactive Complaints Management

Complaints management services of \$23,396 (2008: \$5,236) were purchased from Proactive Complaints Management on normal commercial terms. Mr Bernie McCarthy, a member of a sub-committee of the Board of

(i) Eastern Health

Conference services of \$nil (2008: \$1,134) were purchased from Eastern Health on normal commercial terms. Dr Peter Lynch, a member of the Board of Governance, is a Clinical Director, Aged Care Rehabilitation Program for this organisation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

2000

2000

| | | \$ | 2006 \$ |
|-------|---|-----------|------------|
| 22 | Key management personnel disclosures | | |
| (a) | Transactions with key management personnel | | |
| The k | ey management personnel compensation included in 'employee expenses' are as | follows: | |
| Short | -term employee benefits | 1,479,927 | 1,635,102 |
| Post- | employment benefits | 402,190 | 159,671 |
| Term | ination benefits | 115,237 | 19,808 |
| | | 1,997,354 | 1,814,581 |

23 Segment Information

Segment information is presented in respect of the entities business and geographical segments. Business segments is based on the entities management and internal reporting structure.

Inter-segment pricing is determined on an arm's length's basis.

Segment results, asset and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly income-earning assets and revenue, interest-bearing loans, borrowings and expenses, and corporate assets and expenses.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire segment assets that are expected to be used for more than one period.

The entity trades predominantly within the Australian geographic region.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2009

23 Segment Information (Continued)

The entity has the following three business segments

- Residential division provides low care and high care accommodation to residents.
- Non Residential division provides a range of community care services and independent living units.
- Corporate division represents assets used in both the Residential division and Non Residential division that are unable to be effectively allocated over the two segments.

| | Reside | ential | Non-resi | dential | Corpo | rate | Total | |
|---|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 | 2009 | 2008 |
| REVENUE | | | | | | | | |
| External Sales | 91,474,392 | 89,165,000 | 21,080,083 | 19,815,223 | 2,823,240 | 4,764,883 | 115,377,715 | 113,745,106 |
| Other segments | | 63,222 | | 30,680 | | | - | 93,902 |
| Total Segment Revenue | 91,474,392 | 89,228,222 | 21,080,083 | 19,845,903 | 2,823,240 | 4,764,883 | 115,377,715 | 113,839,008 |
| Total Revenue from ordinary activities | | | | | | | 115,377,715 | 113,839,008 |
| RESULT | | | | | | | | |
| Segment result | (6,857,917) | (2,379,635) | (164,093) | 2,209,937 | 195,347 | 1,061,263 | (6,826,663) | 891,565 |
| Unallocated expenses | | | | | | | 12 | |
| Surplus or deficit from ordinary activities before income tax expense | | | | | | | (6,826,663) | 891,565 |
| Surplus or deficit from ordinary activities after income tax expense | | | | | | | (6,826,663) | 891,565 |
| Net surplus or deficit | | | | | | | (6,826,663) | 891,565 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| ASSETS | 194,656,491 | 194,421,323 | 65,462,700 | 70,777,574 | 38,013,877 | 36,441,894 | 298,133,068 | 301,640,791 |
| Segment assets Unallocated assets | 134,030,431 | 194,421,020 | 05,402,700 | 70,777,374 | 30,013,077 | 30,1441,004 | 3,957,157 | 3,097,336 |
| Total Assets | | | | | | | 302,090,225 | 304,738,127 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| Segment liabilities | 75,489,613 | 71,891,367 | 32,335,201 | 25,600,263 | 5,826,260 | 4,351,420 | 113,651,074 | 101,843,050 |
| Unallocated liabilities Total liabilities | | | | | | | 3,279,200 | 3,642,173 105,485,223 |
| Total liabilities | | | | | | | 110,930,274 | 100,400,220 |
| OTHER | | | | | | | | |
| Acquisition of non-current segment assets | 11,064,452 | 5,502,442 | 19,046,906 | 254,654 | 3,705,824 | 3,618,694 | 33,817,182 | 9,375,790 |
| Depreciation and amortisation of segment assets | 4,489,338 | 6,516,945 | 1,483,787 | 1,880,458 | 518,162 | 768,279 | 6,491,287 | 9,165,682 |

24 Events After the Balance Sheet Date

- Uniting Aged Care closed the Marivale residential service (effective from 16 July) and the Bodalla residential service (effective from 31 July). All residents were transferred to suitable alternative accommodation. Uniting Aged Care has not finalised decisions on the future use of these properties and hence has not yet quantified the financial effect of these decisions nor included any values in the financial report at 30 June 2009;
- Uniting Aged Care signed an agreement on 14 September 2009 with ADCO Constructions (Vic) Pty Limited to participate in the development of an aged care complex at Kingsville. The total value of the project will be \$36,166,295. The financial effects of this development will be included in future year's financial reports.

STATEMENT BY THE BOARD OF GOVERNANCE

| The Board o | f Governances | declares | that |
|-------------|---------------|----------|------|
|-------------|---------------|----------|------|

- 1. The attached financial statements and notes thereto, 1 to 24
- (a) Comply with Accounting Standards
- (b) Give a true and fair view of the financial position as at 30 June 2009 and of the performance for the financial year ended on that date of the aggregated entity;
- 2. In the Board of Governances' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the aggregated entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Governance.

Board Members

Dr Alan Wilkinson, Chairperson

Board Members

Mr Joe Dicks

Dated this 27 Kday of Johnson

2009



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Victorian and Tasmanian Synod of The Uniting Church in Australia

Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Uniting Aged Care Victoria & Tasmania, (the aggregated entity) which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2009, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year ended on that date, a summary of significant accounting policies, other explanatory notes and the statement by the Board of Governance of the aggregated entity.

Board of Governance responsibility for the financial report

The Board of Governance of the aggregated entity is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations). This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the



circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of Governance, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we complied with applicable independence requirements of Australian ethical pronouncements.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial report of Uniting Aged Care Victoria & Tasmania is in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards, including:
 - i giving a true and fair view of the aggregated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2009and of their performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - ii complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations).

GRANT THORNTON

Chartered Accountants

Partner

Dated this 28th day of October 2009

Melbourne, Australia